



ინგლისური ენის ოლიმპიადა

გეოგრაფიით 2026 წლის შემოდგომის სეზონის ინგლისური ენის I უფასო ტურზე 18 ოქტომბერს

Grade 11-12 Round I • Fall 2025

გასული წლის ტესტი

Task 1

Reading. Read the text and choose the correct answer: A, B or C.

10 points

2 per answer

In recent years, the world of money has been quietly transforming. People no longer need to carry coins or paper notes; instead, digital transactions dominate daily life. From paying bills online to sending money across continents in seconds, digital finance has made traditional banking seem slow and inconvenient. However, while many celebrate the efficiency and accessibility of these new systems, not everyone feels comfortable with the rapid shift toward a cashless society.

One of the most significant changes has been the rise of digital wallets and mobile payment apps. They allow users to pay instantly using their phones, sometimes even without entering a password. For businesses, this means faster service and fewer queues. Yet, behind the convenience lies a hidden cost: data. Every digital transaction creates a record – information about what, where, and when people spend their money. Companies can use this data to understand customer behavior, but critics argue it also raises serious privacy concerns.

Another challenge of digital finance is the issue of trust. Traditional banks have existed for centuries, building reputations and regulations to protect customers. In contrast, many digital financial services are run by technology companies rather than financial institutions. While they promise strong security, hackers continue to find new ways to steal money or personal details. For many users, trusting a virtual platform with their savings still feels risky, even if it's protected by encryption.

Despite these risks, the global move toward digital money seems unstoppable. Governments are experimenting with central bank digital currencies, and more employers pay salaries directly into digital accounts. The question is not whether the world will go fully digital, but rather how prepared people are for that change. As technology advances, financial literacy – understanding how digital money works – has become just as important as earning it.

1. What is implied about people's attitudes toward digital finance in paragraph 1?

- A. Everyone fully supports the move away from cash.
- B. Some people still feel uncertain about the speed of change.
- C. Most people refuse to use online payment systems.

2. What is suggested about data collected by digital payment systems?

- A. It benefits consumers by keeping their spending private.
- B. It is only used to improve payment speed.
- C. It can be valuable but also potentially misused.

3. According to paragraph 3, what makes people hesitate to trust digital financial services?

- A. They are run by new companies with limited history.
- B. They charge higher fees than traditional banks.
- C. They require people to share personal opinions online.

4. What does the author imply about the future of money in paragraph 4?

- A. Cash will completely disappear in a few years.
- B. Digital systems will grow, but people must adapt to them wisely.
- C. Governments will stop using technology in financial matters.

5. What best summarizes the author's overall attitude toward digital finance?

- A. It is dangerous and should be avoided.
- B. It offers many benefits but requires caution and awareness.
- C. It has replaced traditional banking completely and safely.

Task 2

Vocabulary in context. Choose the correct answer: A, B or C.

30 points
3 per answer

Air and water pollution are becoming serious problems in many parts of the world. Factories often release (6) ——— gases into the atmosphere, which can damage the environment and people's health. In large cities, cars are also a major (7) ——— of pollution, filling the air with smoke and dust. Water pollution is another big issue. Many rivers and lakes are (8) ——— with chemicals from industries and farms. When people drink or use this water, it can lead to serious (9) ——— problems. Governments are now trying to (10) ——— stricter laws to control how companies deal with their waste.

Plastic waste is one of the most difficult materials to manage. It does not break down easily and often (11) ——— in the ocean, harming fish and sea birds. Environmental groups are encouraging people to (12) ——— less plastic and recycle more. The fight against pollution requires everyone's effort. We can all make small changes, such as using public transport, planting trees, or saving electricity. These actions may seem small, but they can make a real (13) ——— over time. If we don't act now, the damage to our planet may become (14) ———. Protecting the environment is not just a choice – it's a (15) ——— for future generations.

6. A. artificial
B. poisonous
C. dark

7. A. source
B. shape
C. space

8. A. replaced
B. crowded
C. polluted

9. A. health
B. healthy
C. heat

10. A. cancel
B. introduce
C. protect

11. A. ends up
B. comes up
C. takes up

12. A. use
B. design
C. carry

13. A. difference
B. project
C. report

14. A. irreversible
B. invisible
C. interesting

15. A. memory
B. responsibility
C. celebration

ატლას სახელობის სექცია

Task 3

Grammar. Choose the correct answer: A, B or C.

30 points

3 per answer

16. If I — more time, I would learn how to play the piano. A. have B. had C. will have
17. By the time we arrived, the movie — already started. A. has B. had C. was
18. She's one of — students in the class. A. the most intelligent B. more intelligent C. most intelligent
19. I haven't seen Tom — we finished school. A. for B. since C. during
20. He asked me where I — the day before. A. goes B. had gone C. have gone
21. We couldn't go out because it — all day. A. was raining B. rains C. has rained
22. You — tell anyone what I just said, okay? A. ought not B. don't have to C. mustn't
23. This is the first time I — sushi. A. eat B. have eaten C. ate
24. She prefers — at home to going out on weekends. A. stay B. to stay C. staying
25. I wish I — speak French as well as you do. A. can B. could C. will

Task 4

Collocations and phrasal verbs. Choose the correct answer: A, B or C.

30 points

2 per answer

26. We both need to come to an — on this matter. A. agreement B. argument C. opinion
27. She made a strong — on her first day at work. A. impression B. attention C. invitation
28. We need to take — action to protect the environment. A. heavy B. immediate C. fastly
29. He paid — to every detail while designing the website. A. view B. attention C. interest
30. Exposure to the sun does — to our skin. A. ruin B. destroy C. damage

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|--|--------------|---------------------|--------------|
| 31. The teacher gave us some very useful _____ for the exam. | A. advices | B. pieces of advice | C. advises |
| 32. His presidency was about to _____ to an end. | A. come | B. arrive | C. get |
| 33. Please _____ the lights before you leave the room. | A. turn off | B. take off | C. break off |
| 34. I'm trying to _____ smoking, but it's not easy. | A. give up | B. get up | C. go up |
| 35. The flight was _____ because of bad weather. | A. put out | B. called off | C. set up |
| 36. Can you _____ the children after school today? | A. pick up | B. put up | C. get up |
| 37. We ran _____ sugar, so I had to go to the shop. | A. out of | B. into | C. over |
| 38. She's looking _____ to her trip to Japan next month. | A. up | B. for | C. forward |
| 39. I couldn't _____ what he was trying to say because of the noise. | A. bring out | B. make out | C. turn out |
| 40. The firemen managed to _____ the fire before it spread. | A. put off | B. put out | C. put away |

100-ქულიანი ტესტი დასრულდა. შემდეგი სავარჯიშო ბონუსია: 5 შეკითხვა, თითო 4 ქულა. დამატებითი ქულებით ტესტში დაშვებული შეცდომების ანაზღაურება შეგიძლია.

ბონუსი

5 შეკითხვა · თითო 4 ქულა

41. **ავერსი**  **AVERSI**
Thanks to Aversi's medical services, Georgia can retain patients who would otherwise travel overseas for treatment. In this context, what does the word "retain" mean?
- A. to amuse or entertain patients
B. to keep patients in the country for their medical care
C. to train people in self-care techniques
-
42. We were _____ with the hotel's service.
- A. dissatisfied B. fond C. keen
-
43. They were aware _____ the problem.
- A. in B. of C. on

44. On the way to school, the car broke ———.

- A. up B. down C. into

45. Why did you turn down the ——— to their wedding?

- A. invitation B. invention C. application



თუ ჯერ არ დარეგისტრირებულხართ, აუცილებლად
გაიარეთ რეგისტრაცია საგანზე მოსწავლის პირად
პროფილში. კინგსი გისურვებთ წარმატებულ ასპარეზობას!

1 უფასო ტურნი = +10

